



**MASENO UNIVERSITY**  
**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2013/2014**

**FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS FOR THE DEGREE  
OF MASTER OF SCIENCE IN APPLIED MATHEMATICS  
(MAIN CAMPUS)**

**MMA 817: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS I**

*Date: 16<sup>th</sup> December, 2013*

*Time: 9.00 – 12.00 noon*

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Answer ANY THREE questions.
- Start each question on a fresh page.
- Indicate question numbers clearly at the top of each page.
- Observe further instructions on the answer booklet.

### Question One: (20 marks)

(a)

- (i) Prove the following statement: The continuously differentiable functions  $y_1(t), y_2(t) : (t_1, t_2) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are linearly dependent iff  $W_{y_1 y_2}(t) = 0$  holds for all  $t \in (t_1, t_2)$

Find the Wronskian of the functions

(ii)  $y_1(t) = \sin t$  and  $y_2(t) = 2 \sin t$

(iii)  $y_1(t) = \sin t$  and  $y_2(t) = t \sin t$

[7 marks]

- (b) Find two linearly independent solutions of the equation

$$y'' + y' - 2y = 0$$

[4 marks]

- (c) Prove that if  $a_1, a_0 : (t_1, t_2) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are continuous functions, and  $y_1, y_2$  are twice continuously differentiable solutions of the equation

$$y'' + a_1(t)y' + a_0(t)y = 0$$

Then the Wronskian is a solution of the equation

$$W'_{y_1 y_2}(t) + a_1(t)W_{y_1 y_2}(t) = 0$$

Therefore, for any  $t_0 \in (t_1, t_2)$ , the Wronskian is given by the expression

$$W_{y_1 y_2} = W_0 e^{A_1(t)}$$

where  $W_0 = W_{y_1 y_2}(t_0)$  and  $A_1(t) = \int_{t_0}^t a_1(\tau) d\tau$

[9 marks]

### Question Two: (20marks)

- (a) Find the real-valued fundamental solutions of

$$\frac{d^2 I}{dt^2} + 2\alpha \frac{dI}{dt} + \omega^2 I = 0$$

where

$$\alpha = \frac{R}{(2L)}$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{I}{(LC)}$$

in cases (i) and (ii) below

### Question Five (20 marks)

- (a) Find the functions  $x_1, x_2$  solutions of the first order,  $2 \times 2$ , constant coefficients, homogeneous differential system

$$x_1' = x_1 - x_2$$

$$x_2' = -x_1 + x_2$$

[12 marks]

- (b) Express the second order equation

$$y'' + 2y' + 2y = \sin(at)$$

as a first order system

[8 marks]

===== END =====

- (i) Case (a):  $R = 0$   
(ii) Case (b):  $R < \sqrt{4L/C}$

[12 marks]

- (b) Find the solution to the initial value problem

$$9y'' + 6y' + y = 0, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = \frac{5}{3}$$

[8 marks]

### Question Three: (20 marks)

- (a) Find a second solution  $y_2$  linearly independent to the solution  $y_1(t) = t$  of the differential equation

$$t^2 y'' + 2t y' - 2y = 0$$

[12 marks]

- (b) Find all solutions to the inhomogeneous equation

$$y'' - 3y' - 4y = 3e^{2t}$$

[8 marks]

### Question Four: (20marks)

- (a) Define the following terms (i) linear differential equation (ii) Wronskian  
[4 marks]

- (b) Find the general solution of the following inhomogeneous differential equation

$$y'' - 5y' + 6y = 2e^t$$

using the method of variation of parameters

[16marks]