

## EMBU UNIVERSITY COLLEGE (A CONSTITUENT COLLEGE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NAIROBI)

## TRIMESTER EXAMINATIONS 2013/2014 SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE AND BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN BIOLOGY SBT 204: PLANT ECOLOGY

DATE: AUGUST 14, 2014	TIME: 11.00AM-1.00PM	
INSTRUCTIONS:		
Answer ALL Questions from SECTIONS A and B, and ONE Question selected from Section C.		
SECTION A: Multiple Choice Questions (15 Minutes, 1 Mark each).		
Please tick in the box opposite the correct answer	<u>:</u>	
1. The outer layer of the endosperm is called		
□ Scutellum		
□ Ovary		
☐ Tapetum		
☐ Aleurone		
2. Which of the following is not a type of fruit		
□ Drupe		
☐ Hesperidium		
□ Berry		
□ Cones		

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3. Eukaryotic DNA contains		
	Peptidoglycan	
	Starch	
	Esters	
	Histones	
4. Substances move from cell to cell through openings known as		
	Cell membranes	
	Stomata	
	Vacuoles	
	Plasmodesmata	
5. Lateral roots originate from		
	Root cap	
	Cortex	
	Phloem	
	Pericycle	
6. The principal tissues of plants include the following except		
	Ground tissue	
	Vascular tissue	
	Dermal tissue	
	Reproductive tissue	
7. Scelereids and fibres are components of		
	Parenchyma	
	Collenchyma	
	Epidermis	
	Scelerenchyma	

8.	The	glucose polysaccharide deposited in pores of injured sieve elements is known as
		Cytoskeleton
		Peptidoglycan
		Sucrose
		Callose
9.	Whi	ich of the following replaces the epidermis during secondary growth
		Trichomes
		Scelereids
		Companion cells
		Periderm
10	. Ol	d wood that is dark is known as
		Compression wood
		Tension wood
		Sap wood
		Heart wood
11	. The	e antenna complex and reaction centre make up the
		Calvin cycle
		Krebs cycle
		Glycolysis
		Photosystems
12	. Pla	nts in which phosphoenolpyruvate is carboxylated to form a four carbon compound using
the	enz	ryme PEP carboxylase are known as
		C3 plants
		CAM plants
		Hydrophytes
		C4 plants

13. Re	lease of water droplets through small openings on leaves is known as	
	Transpiration	
	Osmosis	
	Diffusion	
	Guttation	
14. Th	e main sugar translocated in the phloem is	
	Glucose	
	Maltose	
	Lactose	
	Sucrose	
15. Carbohydrates are actively loaded into sieve tubes through a mechanism known as		
	Cohesion	
	Adhesion	
	Transpiration	
	Chemiosmosis	
<u>SECT</u>	ION B: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (30 Minutes; 5 Marks Each)	
Your 2	nswers should be brief and to the point (Use the examination answer book provided).	
16. Illı	astrate the structure of a root and indicate the different zones of differentiation.	
17. De	scribe secondary growth in stems using a chart.	
18. Sta	te the function of 5 micronutrients in plants.	
19. De	scribe the transpiration-cohesion theory.	
20. Ot	tline four ways in which seeds are adaptively important.	
21. De	scribe glycolysis.	

## SECTION C: ESSAY QUESTIONS (45 MINUTES; 25 MARKS EACH)

## Write an essay on any ONE of the following topics (Use the examination answer book provided).

- 22. Discuss the three main tissue systems in plants.
- 23. Describe secondary growth in roots.
- 24. Using illustrations describe the following:
- a) Photosystem I and II
- b) Calvin cycle

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