



## **MASENO UNIVERSITY**

### **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2016/2017**

**FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS FOR THE  
DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF EDUCATION ARTS WITH  
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

**HOMA-BAY CAMPUS – SCHOOL BASED**

**AEC 102: INTRODUCTION TO MACRO-ECONOMICS**

Date: 24<sup>th</sup> June, 2017

Time: 9.00 - 12.00 noon

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#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Answer ANY FOUR questions.



### QUESTION ONE

- a) Describe macroeconomics and explain the reasons for studying macroeconomics. (5marks)
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- (b). Explain why it is important to estimate National Income of a country. (5marks)
- (c). What difficulties do economists encounter while estimating National income particularly of developing economies? (5marks)

### QUESTION TWO

- (a) Distinguish between “excess demand” and “cost-push” causes of inflation. (6 marks)
- (b) Explain the policy measures that a country can use to control inflation. (9marks)

### QUESTION THREE

- (a) With the help of a diagram, describe the circular flow of income between household and business sectors. (6marks)
- (b). State the assumptions of the circular flow of income. (4marks)
- (c). Explain any three significance of the circular flow of income to policy makers in an economy. (5marks)

### QUESTION FOUR

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- (a). Discuss the factors which limit the effectiveness of monetary and fiscal policies in developing countries. (10marks)
- (b). Explain the goals of monetary policies. (5marks)

### QUESTION FIVE

In a certain economy, the marginal propensity to save is 0.2 and the autonomous consumption equals 1000.

- (a) Formulate the consumption function. (4marks)
- (b) If the Government's expenditures were increased by 500USD, what would be the resultant change in National Income? (4marks)
- (c) If there is a deflationary gap of 4billion in an economy, how much should the government raise from taxes to move the economy to full employment level? (7marks)

### QUESTION SIX

- a). Define the term un employment. (2marks)
- b). Describe any three types of unemployment. (6marks)
- c). Explain the causes and consequences of unemployment in an economy. (7marks)