

**ATA 2301: RISK THEORY FOR ACTUARIAL SCIENCES  
CAT I**

DATE: 27<sup>th</sup> February 2019

TIME: 1 HOUR

1. Given the binomial distribution function,

(a) Find its mgf. [2 marks]

(b) Using the result in part (a) above, calculate its mean, variance and skewness. [6 marks](c) Given that  $S \sim \text{binomial}(100, 0.3)$ . Use the normal power approximation technique to find the 75th percentile. [5 marks]

2. Given that

$$f_1(x) = 0.5, 0.2, 0.3 \quad \text{for } x = 0, 1, 2$$

$$f_2(x) = 0.3, 0.5, 0.2 \quad \text{for } x = 0, 1, 2$$

$$f_3(x) = 0.2, 0.3, 0.5 \quad \text{for } x = 0, 1, 2$$

Find the mean and variance of  $S = X_1 + X_2 + X_3$  [6 marks]3. Suppose that the insurer has a linear utility function. Find the minimum premium the insurer can accept for a risk  $X$ . [4 marks]4. Let  $X \sim U(1, 3)$  and  $Y \sim U(1, 2)$ . Determine the distribution of  $S = X + Y$ . [4 marks]

5. A decision maker's utility function is given by

$$u(w) = -e^{-kw}$$

The decision maker has two economic prospects available. The outcome of the first prospect ( $X$ ) has a normal distribution with mean 6 and variance 3. The outcome of the second prospect ( $Y$ ) has a normal distribution with mean 7 and variance 3.5. Which prospect is more preferable? [3 marks]

$\sim \text{C.V.} \times 10^{27}$

$\sim \text{E}(w - Y)$